

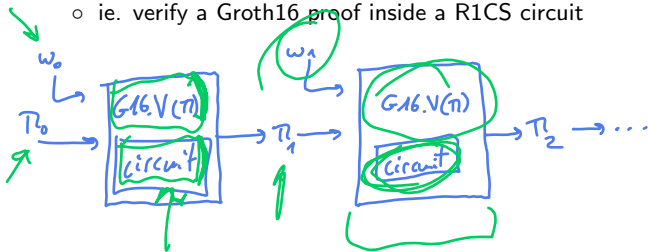
# Anatomy of a folding scheme

Sonobe, experimental folding schemes library implemented jointly by  
[0xPARC](#) and [PSE](#).

2024-04-22  
Barcelona zkDay

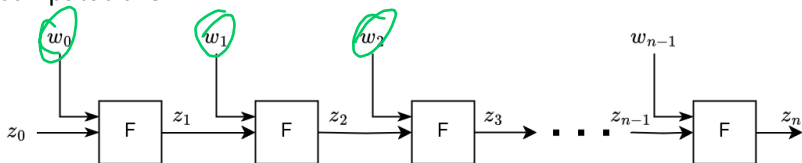
# Why folding

- Repetitive computations take big circuits  $\rightarrow$  large proving time
  - ie. prove a chain of 10k sha256 hashes
- Traditional recursion: verify (in-circuit) a proof of the correct execution of the same circuit for the previous input
  - issue: in-circuit proof verification is expensive (constraints)
    - ie. verify a Groth16 proof inside a R1CS circuit



# IVC - Incremental Verifiable Computation

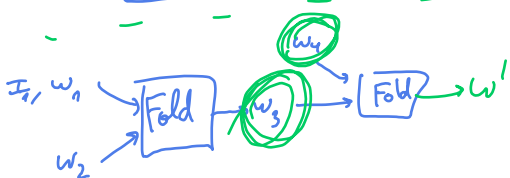
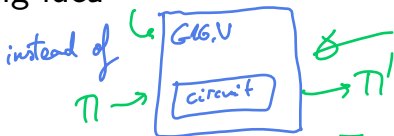
Folding schemes efficiently achieve IVC, where the prover recursively proves the correct execution of the incremental computations.



In other words, it allows to prove efficiently that  $z_n = F(\dots F(F(F(z_0, w_0), w_1), w_2), \dots), w_{n-1})$ .

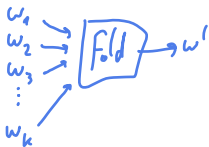
$$z_n = F(F(F(z_0)))$$

# Folding idea $w$



if  $w_1, w_2$  sat RACS,  
 $w_3$  too

K-to-1:



# Homomorphic commitments and RLC

We rely on homomorphic commitments

ie. Pedersen commitments

Let  $g \in \mathbb{G}^n$ ,  $v \in \mathbb{F}_r^n$ ,

$$Com(v) = \langle g, v \rangle = g_1 \cdot v_1 + g_2 \cdot v_2 + \dots + g_n \cdot v_n$$

RLC:

Let  $v_1, v_2 \in \mathbb{F}_r^n$ , set  $cm_1 = Com(v_1)$ ,  $cm_2 = Com(v_2)$ .

then,

$$v_3 = v_1 + r \cdot v_2$$

$$cm_3 = cm_1 + r \cdot cm_2$$

so that

$$cm_3 = Com(v_3)$$

# Relaxed R1CS

R1CS instance:  $(\{A, B, C\} \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n}, io, n, l)$ , such that for  $z = (io \in \mathbb{F}^l, 1, w \in \mathbb{F}^{n-l-1}) \in \mathbb{F}^n$ ,

$$Az \circ Bz = Cz$$

in order to do  
RLC of 2 R1CS instances

Relaxed R1CS:

$$Az \circ Bz = uCz + \overline{E}$$

for  $u \in \mathbb{F}$ ,  $E \in \mathbb{F}^n$ .

→ Committed Relaxed R1CS instance:  $CI = (\overline{E}, u, \overline{W}, x)$   
 Witness of the instance:  $WI = (\overline{E}, \overline{W})$

(We don't have time for it now, but there is a simple reasoning for the RelaxedR1CS usage explained in Nova paper)

# NIFS - Non Interactive Folding Scheme

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \rightarrow CI_1 = (\overline{E}_1 \in \mathbb{G}, u_1 \in \mathbb{F}, \overline{W}_1 \in \mathbb{G}, x_1 \in \mathbb{F}^n) \quad \rightarrow WI_1 = (E_1 \in \mathbb{F}^n, W_1 \in \mathbb{F}^n) \leftarrow \\
 & \rightarrow CI_2 = (\overline{E}_2, u_2, \overline{W}_2, x_2) \quad \rightarrow WI_2 = (E_2, W_2) \leftarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

where  $\overline{V} = Com(V)$

$$T = Az_1 \circ Bz_1 + Az_2 \circ Bz_2 - u_1 Cz_1 - u_2 Cz_2$$

$$\overline{T} = Com(T)$$

NIFS.P

$$E = E_1 + r \cdot T + r^2 \cdot E_2$$

$$W = W_1 + r \cdot W$$

*cross-terms*



NIFS.V

$$\overline{E} = \overline{E}_1 + r \cdot \overline{T} + r^2 \cdot \overline{E}_2$$

$$u = u_1 + r \cdot u_2$$

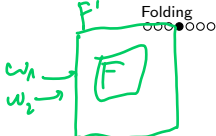
$$\overline{W} = \overline{W}_1 + r \cdot \overline{W}$$

$$x = x_1 + r \cdot x_2$$

New folded Committed Instance:  $(\overline{E}, u, \overline{W}, x)$

New folded witness:  $(E, W)$

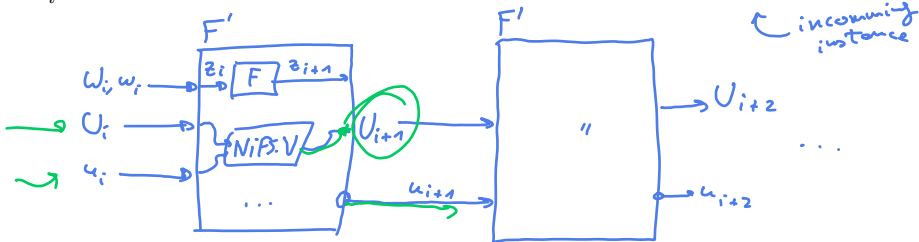
# IVC



$U_i$ : committed instance for the correct execution of invocations

$1, \dots, i - 1$  of  $F'$

$u_i$ : committed instance for the correct execution of invocation  $i$  of  $F'$



$F'$ :

i) execute a step of the incremental computation,  $z_{i+1} = F(z_i)$

ii) invoke the NiB.V to fold  $U_i, u_i$  into  $U_{i+1}$

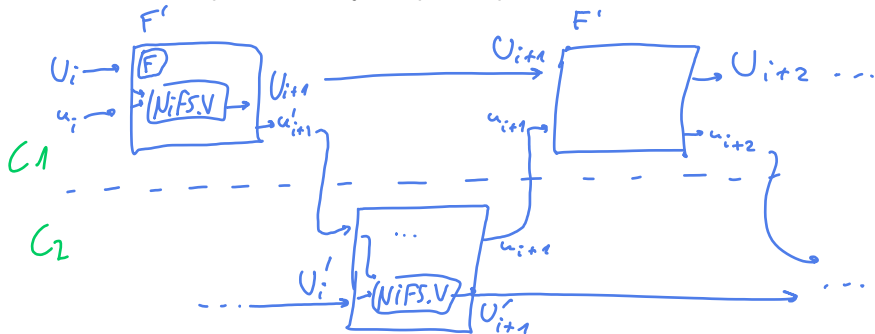
iii) other checks to ensure that the IVC is done properly



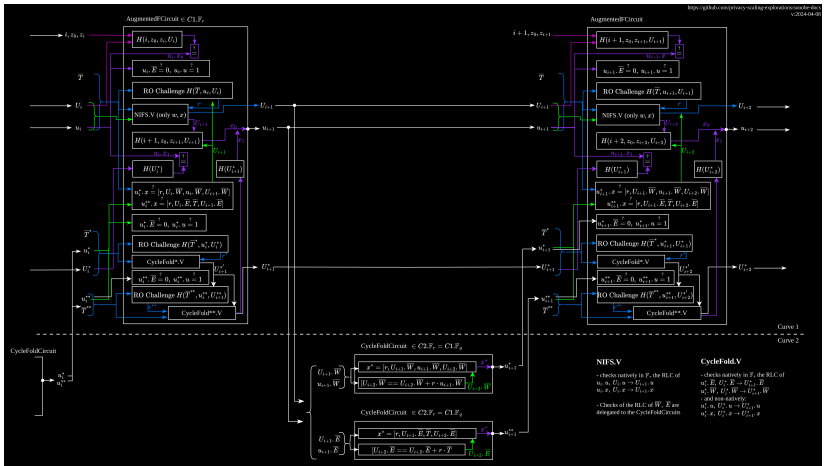
# Cycle of curves

NIFS.V involves  $\mathbb{G}$  point scalar mults, which are not native over  $\mathbb{F}_r$ .  
→ delegate them into a circuit over a 2nd curve.

We 'mirror' the main  $F'$  circuit into the 2nd curve  
each circuit computes  $F'$  natively the point operations of the other curve



# Augmented F Circuit + CycleFold Circuit

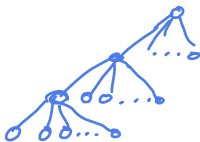


# Other Folding Schemes

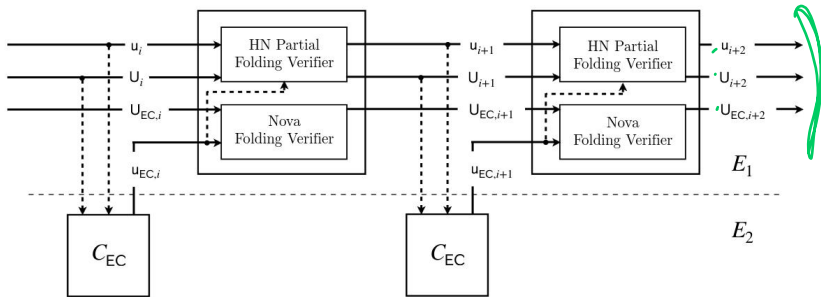
Nova  $\rightarrow$  RLC, 2-to-1

HyperNova

ProtoGalaxy



## Decider



With Prover knowing the respective witnesses for  $U_n, u_n, U_{EC,n}$

Issue: IVC proof is not succinct

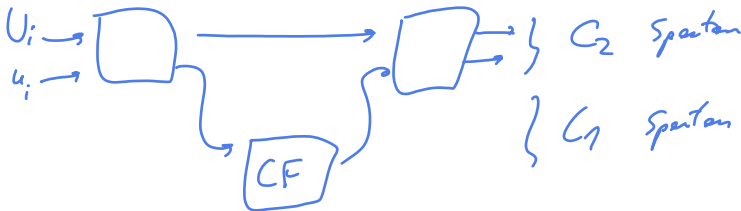
# Decider

Original Nova: generate a zkSNARK proof with Spartan for

$U_n, u_n, U_{EC,n}$

→ 2 Spartan proofs, one on each curve (with CycleFold is 1 Spartan proof)

(not EVM-friendly)



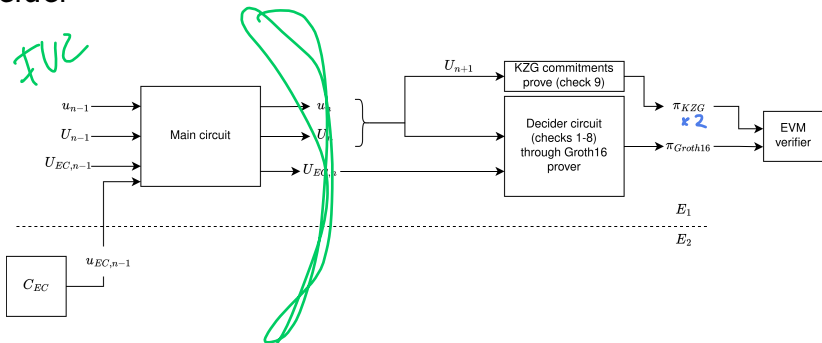
~~EVM~~

## Decider

checks (simplified)

- 1  $(U_{n+1}, W_{n+1})$  satisfy Relaxed R1CS relation of  $\leftarrow$  native  
AugmentedFCircuit  $F'$
- 2 verify commitments of  $U_{n+1} \cdot \{\overline{E}, \overline{W}\}$  w.r.t.  $W_{n+1} \cdot \{E, W\}$   $\leftarrow$  not native  
KZG10 (Solidity)
- 3  $(U_{EC,n}, W_{EC,n})$  satisfy Relaxed R1CS relation of  $\leftarrow$  not-native  
CycleFoldCircuit  $\leftarrow$  native
- 4 verify commitments of  $U_{EC,n} \cdot \{\overline{E}, \overline{W}\}$  w.r.t.  $W_{EC,n} \cdot \{E, W\}$
- 5  $u_n \cdot E == 0$ ,  $u_n \cdot u == 1$ , ie.  $u_n$  is a fresh not-relaxed instance
- 6  $u_n \cdot x_0 == H(n, z_0, z_n, U_n)$   
 $u_n \cdot x_1 == H(U_{EC,n})$
- 7  $NIFS.V(U_n, u_n) == U_{n+1}$   $\leftarrow$  in Solidity

# Decider

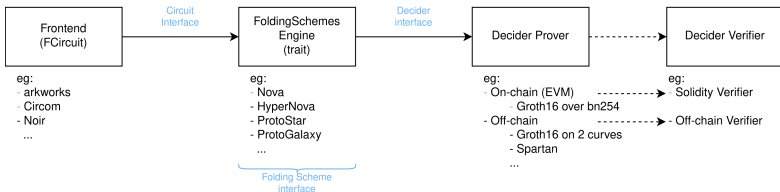


# Sonobe

Experimental folding schemes library implemented jointly by 0xPARC and PSE.

Dev flow:

- 1 Define a circuit to be folded
- 2 Set which folding scheme to be used (eg. Nova with CycleFold)
- 3 Set a final decider to generate the final proof (eg. Spartan over Pasta curves)
- 4 Generate the the decider verifier (EVM)





## Code example

[show code with a live demo]

Some numbers (still optimizations pending):

- AugmentedFCircuit:  $\sim 80k$  R1CS constraints
- DeciderEthCircuit:  $\sim 9.6M$  R1CS constraints
  - $< 3$  minutes in a 32GB RAM 16 core laptop
- gas costs (DeciderEthCircuit proof):  $\sim 800k$  gas
  - mostly from G16, KZG10, public inputs processing
  - will be reduced by hashing the public inputs
  - expect to get it down to  $< 600k$  gas.

Recall, this proof is proving that applying  $n$  times the function  $F$  (the circuit that we're folding) to an initial state  $z_0$  results in the state  $z_n$ .

In Srinath Setty words, you can prove practically unbounded computation onchain by 800k gas (and soon  $< 600k$ ).

# Wrappup

- <https://github.com/privacy-scaling-explorations/sonobe>
- <https://privacy-scaling-explorations.github.io/sonobe-docs/>



2024-04-22

0xPARC & PSE.